<epam> Delivering Excellence in Software Engineering

Development of Software Products with Simultaneous Support of J2EE and .NET

Aliaksei Kazlouski,

EPAM Systems

for Software Engineering Conference (Russia), 2005

Agenda

- About EPAM and LogicLibrary
- LogicLibrary Logidex product overview
- Porting Logidex from J2EE to .NET
- Supporting .NET and J2EE versions in parallel

About EPAM Systems

EPAM at a Glance

• US Corporation founded in Princeton, 1993
• No.1 on “Top 5 to Watch in Central and Eastern Europe” (“Offshore 100”, 2005)
• No.3 on global “Top 10 Specialty Application Development Leaders” (“Offshore 100”, 2005)
• Over 1300 employees
• Geo-diverse delivery: US, Russia, Hungary, Belarus
• First CMMI Level 4 assessment in Europe
• Successful projects deployed in over 30 countries
• 6,5+ million hours of software development experience
http://www.epam.com

EPAM Selected Clients

Global business leaders such as Reuters, CareFirst BCBS, Empire BCBS, Colgate-Palmolive, Halliburton, London Stock Exchange, SBLI, British Telecom, AeroMexico, Schlumberger.
Global technology leaders such as SAP, Microsoft, BEA Systems, Hyperion, Sun Microsystems.

Leveraging a global advantage

By Jon Udell, April 18, 2003

"EPAM equips teams with the best tools, trains them to use and refine best practices in multiple disciplines, and deploy them in engagements that are, for their clients, highly strategic..."

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About LogicLibrary

LogicLibrary

- Founded in 2000
- Headquartered in Pittsburgh, PA
- Delivers **Logidex**, a patent-pending enterprise application development tool that manages software development assets and related artifacts
- Key partnerships with all major application development vendors, including Microsoft, IBM, Serena, Borland and SUN

www.logiclibrary.com

About EPAM and LogicLibrary

EPAM and LogicLibrary

- In 2002 LogicLibrary selected EPAM to partially outsource Logidex development (co-working with LogicLibrary's Dev team)
- EPAM started from: J2EE UI development, QA automation – functional and performance testing
- Scope extended to: Porting Logidex to .NET, Add-ins development for IDEs (Eclipse, WSAD, VS.NET, JBuilder, SAP NetWeaver DevStudio)

Logidex Product Overview

LogicLibrary Logidex

What it is:

- Catalog of software development asset (SDA) metadata

Why it's different:

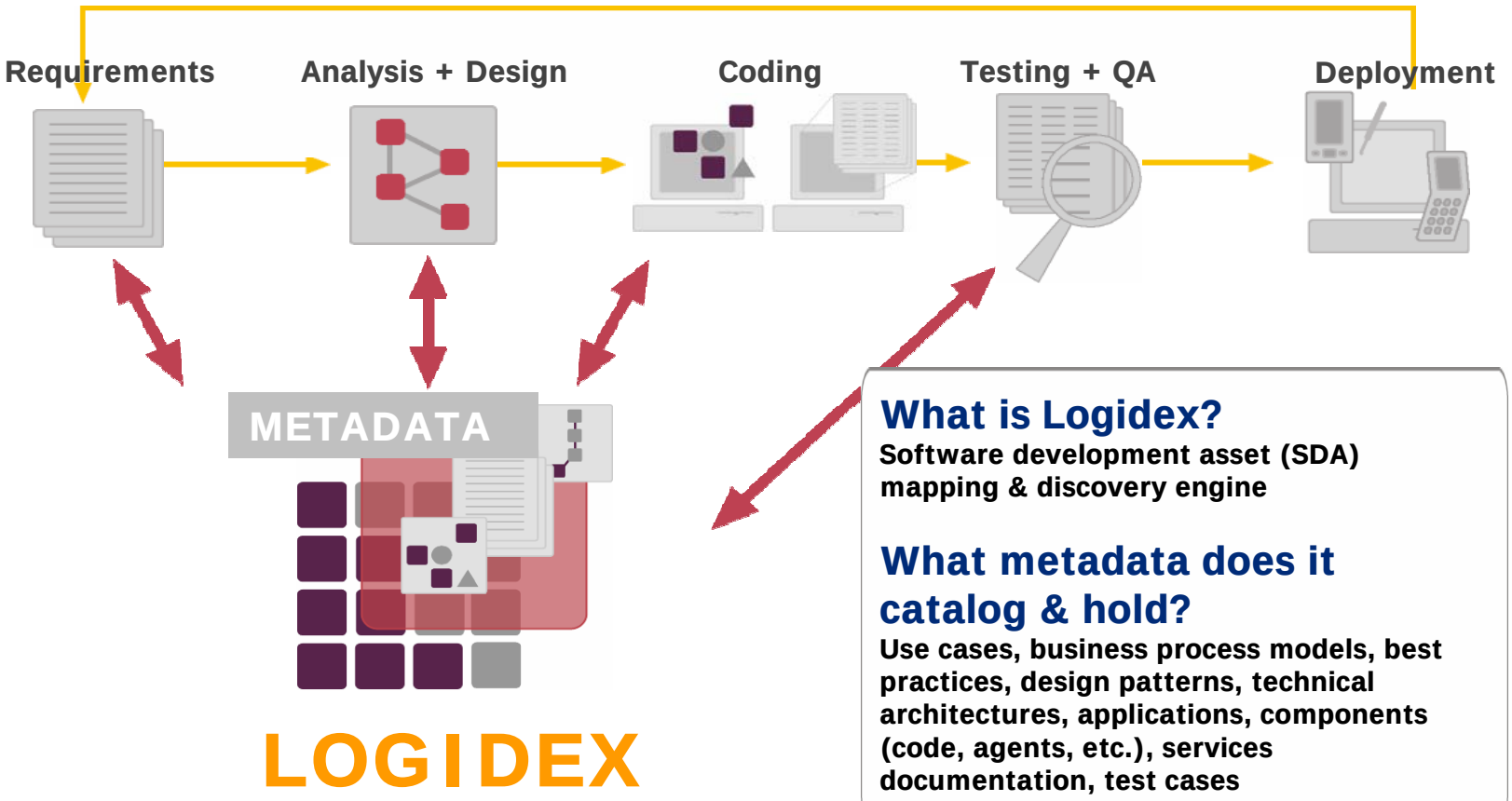
- Powerful mapping, discovery and collaboration engine for identifying and using SDAs in all types of software development and integration

Clear Value Proposition:

- Logidex enables faster and less costly consolidation, migration and/or integration of enterprise applications

Logidex Product Overview

Application Development Lifecycle: With Logidex



What is Logidex?

Software development asset (SDA) mapping & discovery engine

What metadata does it catalog & hold?

Use cases, business process models, best practices, design patterns, technical architectures, applications, components (code, agents, etc.), services documentation, test cases

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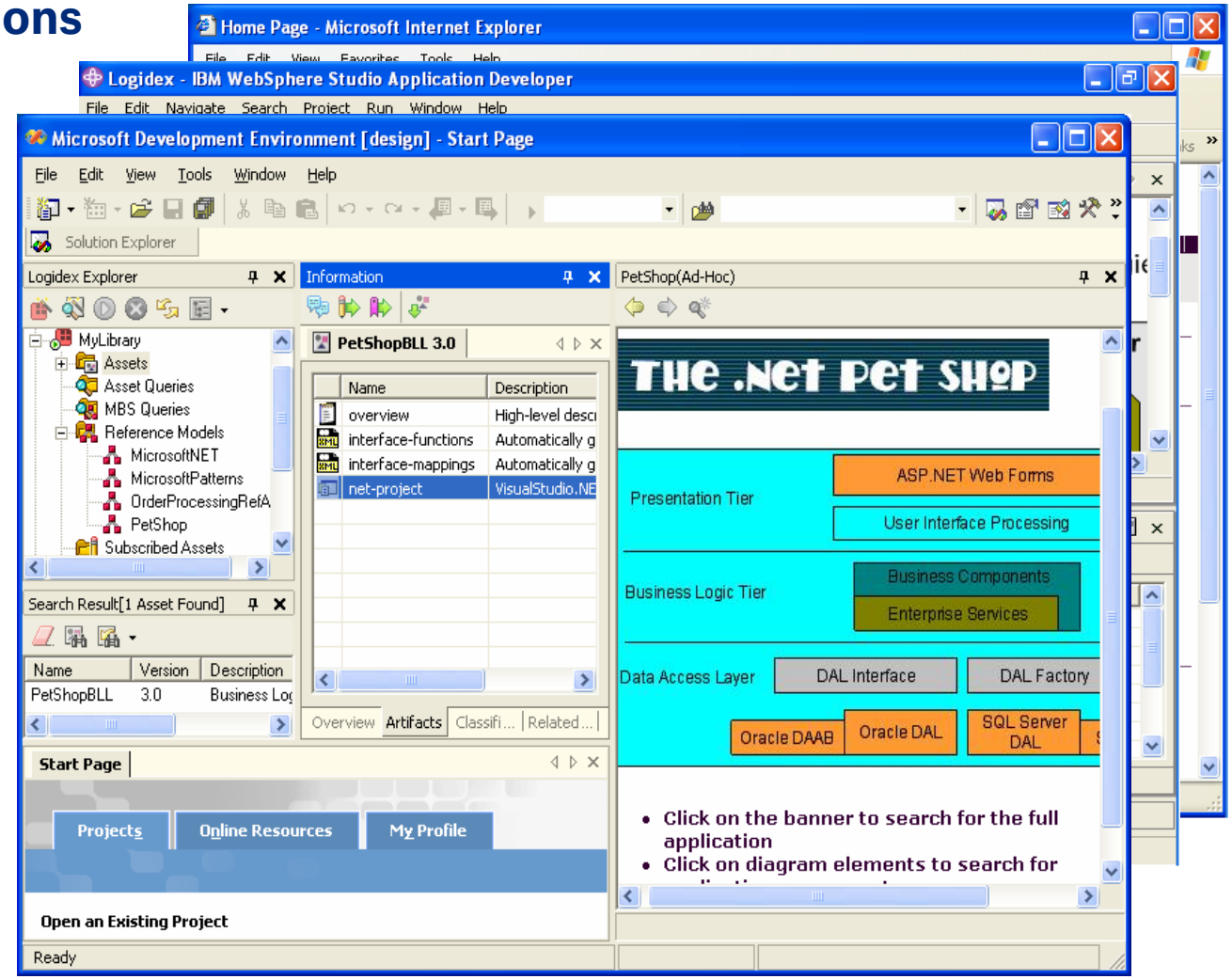
Logidex Product Overview

User Interface Options

Web-Browser

Integrated with IDE (Eclipse, VS.NET, ...)



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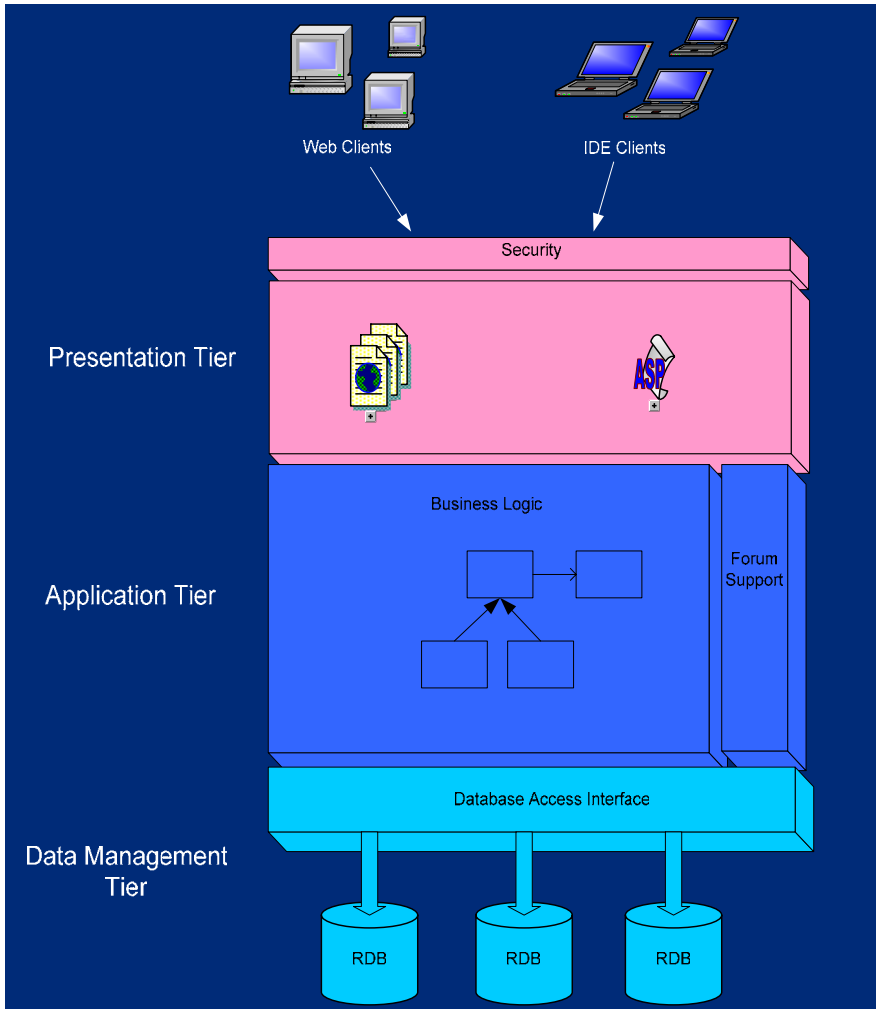
Logidex Product Overview

Logidex J2EE Architecture



Presentation Tier

- Thin-client: JSPs/Servlets within Struts MVC framework
- Rich-client: IDE plug-in connected via WebServices

Application Tier

- Stateless EJB SessionBeans
- Java Entity classes and lightweight persistence framework

Data Tier

- Persistence framework connection to RDB via JDBC

Imbedded Components

- Discussion forums
- Authentication
- Email

Porting J2EE Solution to .NET

Porting Objectives

Primary objective**: deliver fully native Microsoft-based Logidex implementation**

- .NET-based server application
- SQL Server 2000-based RDB
- IE-based thin client
- Visual Studio add-in

Secondary objective**: preserve the code base as a single source to the extent possible**

Porting J2EE Solution to .NET

Porting Options

Option 1: Java Language Conversion Assistant (JLCA) tool

- Pro: semi-automated conversion tool
- Con: must be run on a regular basis to maintain product consistency

Alternative Solution	Version	Date of Evaluation	Evaluator Name
Microsoft JLCA	Bulldog 3070	24-March-03	Oleg Pauchkov

Criteria	Weighting (0-1)	Score (0-1)	Result
J# language support	1	0.25	0.25
Conversion process control	0.75	0.25	0.1875
Model components conversion	0.75	0.25	0.1875
Controller components conversion	0.75	0	0
View components conversion	0.75	0.25	0.1875
Conversion results reuse	0.5	0.25	0.125
		Total	0.9375

Option 2: J# on .NET

- Pro: single-source opportunity for major portions of the product
- Con: language compatibility restricted to Java 1.1.4 equivalency

Alternative Solution	Version	Date of Evaluation	Evaluator Name
Manual Conversion	N/A	24-March-03	Igor Sapranenko, Oleg Pauchkov

Criteria	Weighting (0-1)	Score (0-1)	Result
J# language support	1	0.75	0.75
Conversion process control	0.75	1	0.75
Model components conversion	0.75	0.75	0.5625
Controller components conversion	0.75	1	0.75
View components conversion	0.75	0.75	0.5625
Conversion results reuse	0.5	0.75	0.375
		Total	3.75

Our choice: J# on .NET

Porting J2EE Solution to .NET

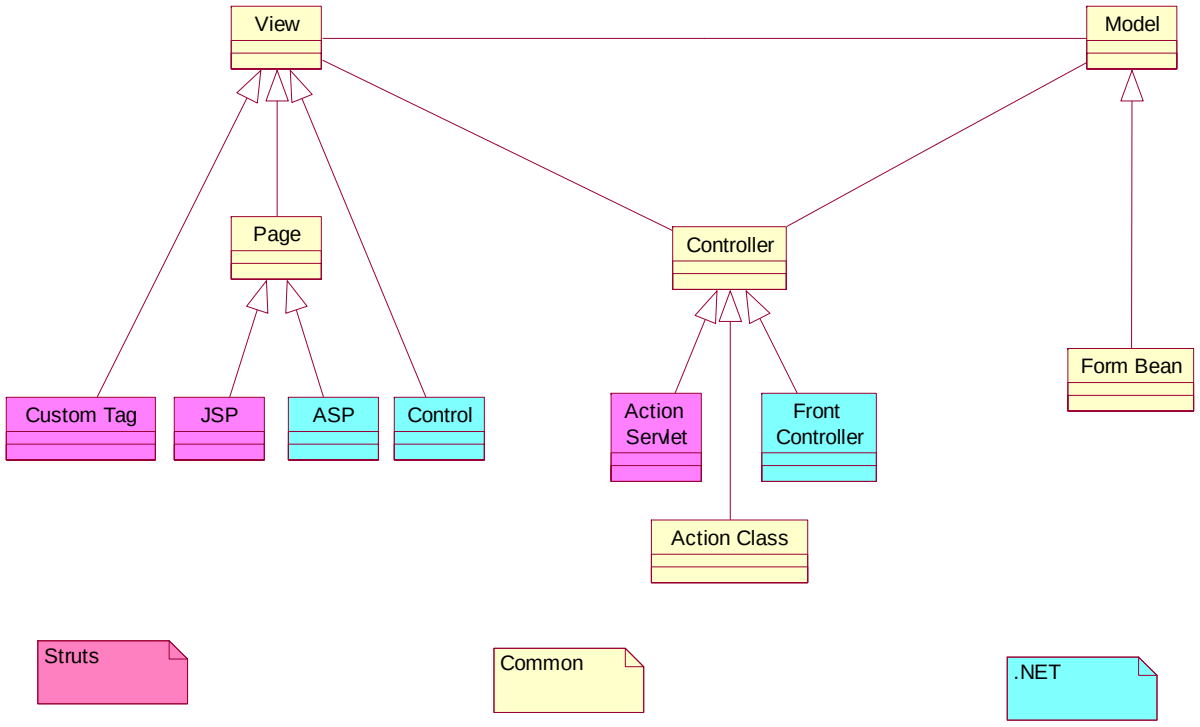
Porting Details

- Presentation Tier
- Application Tier
- Services
- Data Tier
- Porting Conclusions

Porting J2EE Solution to .NET: Presentation Tier

Porting Strategy:

- Implement Struts MVC pattern using .NET Framework
- Convert JSPs and Custom Tags to ASPs and .NET Controls
- Form Beans and Action Classes directly recompile as J#



Porting J2EE Solution to .NET: Presentation Tier

Converting JSPs and CustomTags to ASPs and Actions

- **Separating page presentation from page logic is key to enabling easy porting**
  - CustomTags contain page logic and are reimplemented as .NET Controls
- **JSPs then become mostly HTML-based and are easy to port**
  - Especially if page layout details are maintained via Cascading Style Sheets (CSS)

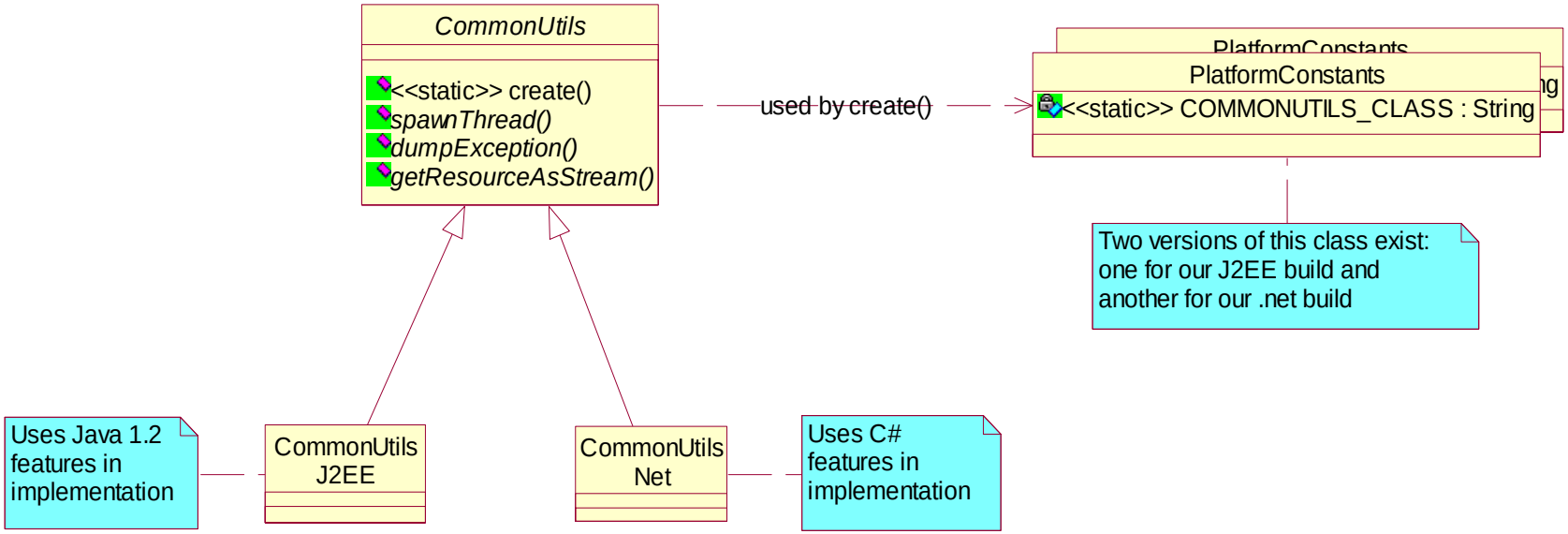
Porting J2EE Solution to .NET: Application Tier

Porting Strategy:

- **Step 1: Compile Java code as J# to identify unsupported features**
  - Very few specialized Java-package dependencies typically occur within application logic
- **Step 2: Where mandatory dependencies exist, implement Abstract Factory pattern to isolate Java code from common code base**
  - Suitable for both imbedded components and specialized Java packages
- **Step 3: Convert EJB SessionBeans to COM+ ServicedComponents**
  - COM+ ServicedComponents preserve transactional semantics supported by SessionBeans

Porting J2EE Solution to .NET: Application Tier

Abstract Factory Example: CommonUtils class:



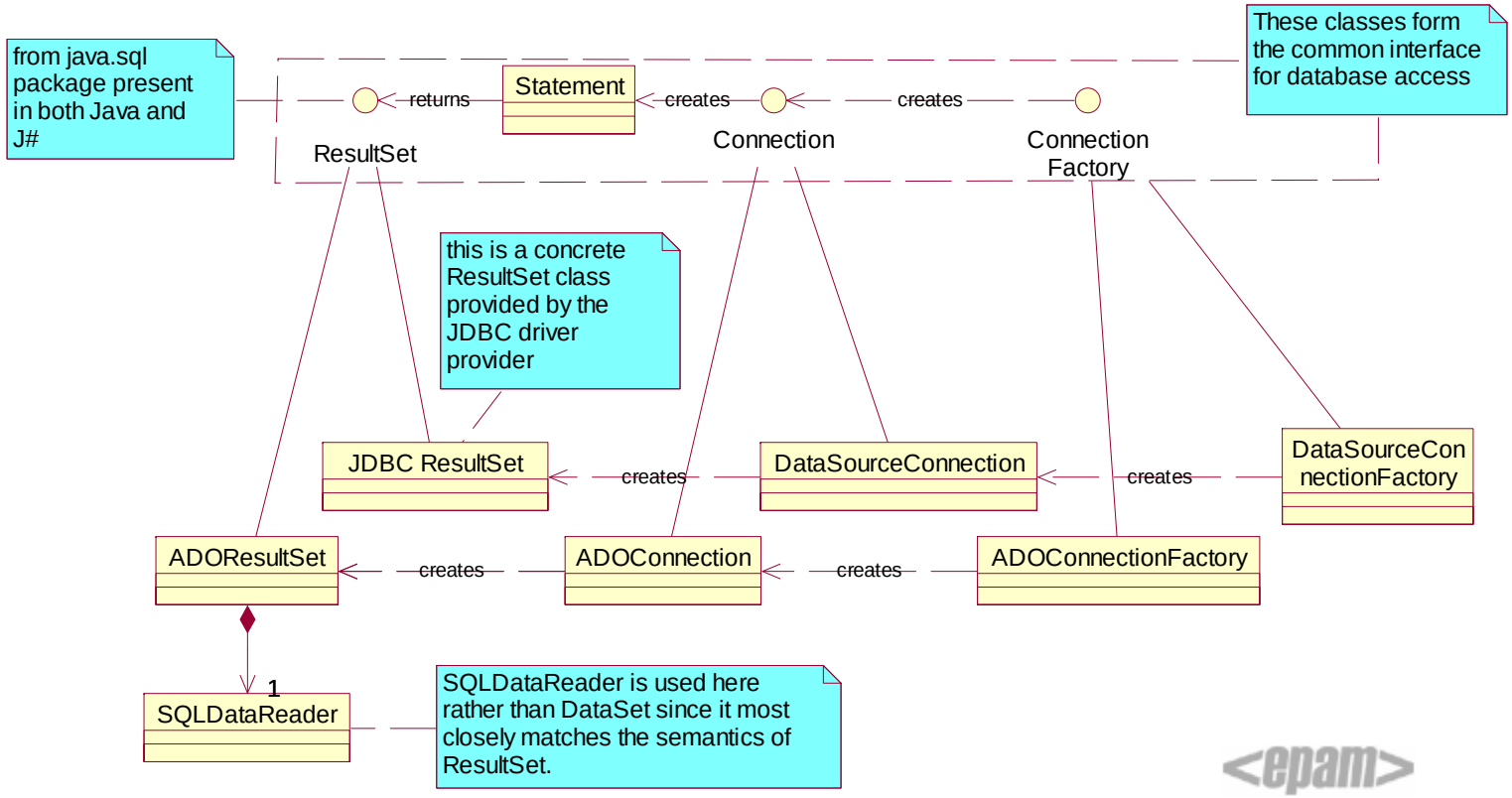
Porting J2EE Solution to .NET: Services

- Integration with IDEs is dependent upon SOAP APIs
- Logidex components are defined to expose service operations
- J2EE and .NET toolsets provide SOAP generators
  - Including strongly-typed client stubs
- Abstract Factory / Adapter patterns are used to provide single-source SOAP client classes
  - Encapsulating the tool-generated stubs
  - Enables some level of single-source code within IDE add-ins adapter implementations
- WS-I standard compliance is followed to reach cross-platform (J2EE <-> .NET) WebServices interoperability

Porting J2EE Solution to .NET: Data Tier

Porting Strategy:

- Define abstraction layer for RDB connections, statements, and result sets
- Use the Abstract Factory pattern (again!) to instantiate JDBC or ADO.NET- specific implementations



Porting J2EE Solution to .NET: Conclusions

Conclusion #1: Architecture is important!

- 3-tier architecture provides good isolation
- Component-based design supports loose coupling
- Web services provide a good encapsulation layer for client integration

Porting J2EE Solution to .NET: Conclusions

Conclusion #2: Patterns are important!

- **Model-View-Controller** pattern: isolates presentation from application code
  - Struts framework reimplemented in .NET technology
- **Abstract Factory** pattern: isolates dual-source code from single-source code base
- **Adapter** pattern: isolates platform-specific framework constructs from application code

Porting J2EE Solution to .NET: Conclusions

Conclusion #3: J# is a good choice to enable J2EE and .NET platforms support in parallel

Some more details in: .NET Developer's Journal

- Serving Multiple Platforms: Refactoring Logidex for .NET, Tim Graser and Paul Tamminga,

http://dotnet.sys-con.com/read/43660.htm

Microsoft-published Case Study for porting approach using J#

- http://www.microsoft.com/resources/casestudies/CaseStudy.asp?CaseStudyID=15272

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Supporting .NET and J2EE in Parallel

Processes which are sensitive to bi-platform support

- Product planning
- Analysis & Design
- Implementation
- Building
- Testing
- Delivery & Support

Supporting .NET and J2EE in Parallel

Logidex itself is used to support Logidex development

- An asset describes a product feature or a requirement
- Asset classifiers contain other important information: estimated effort, owners, target releases, etc.
- All related assets (blueprints, specs, findings) are stored within the same repository
- Asset relationships are used to show dependency and relationship information between features and/or requirements
- State of the art search sub system allows to find any asset quickly and easily

Supporting .NET and J2EE in Parallel

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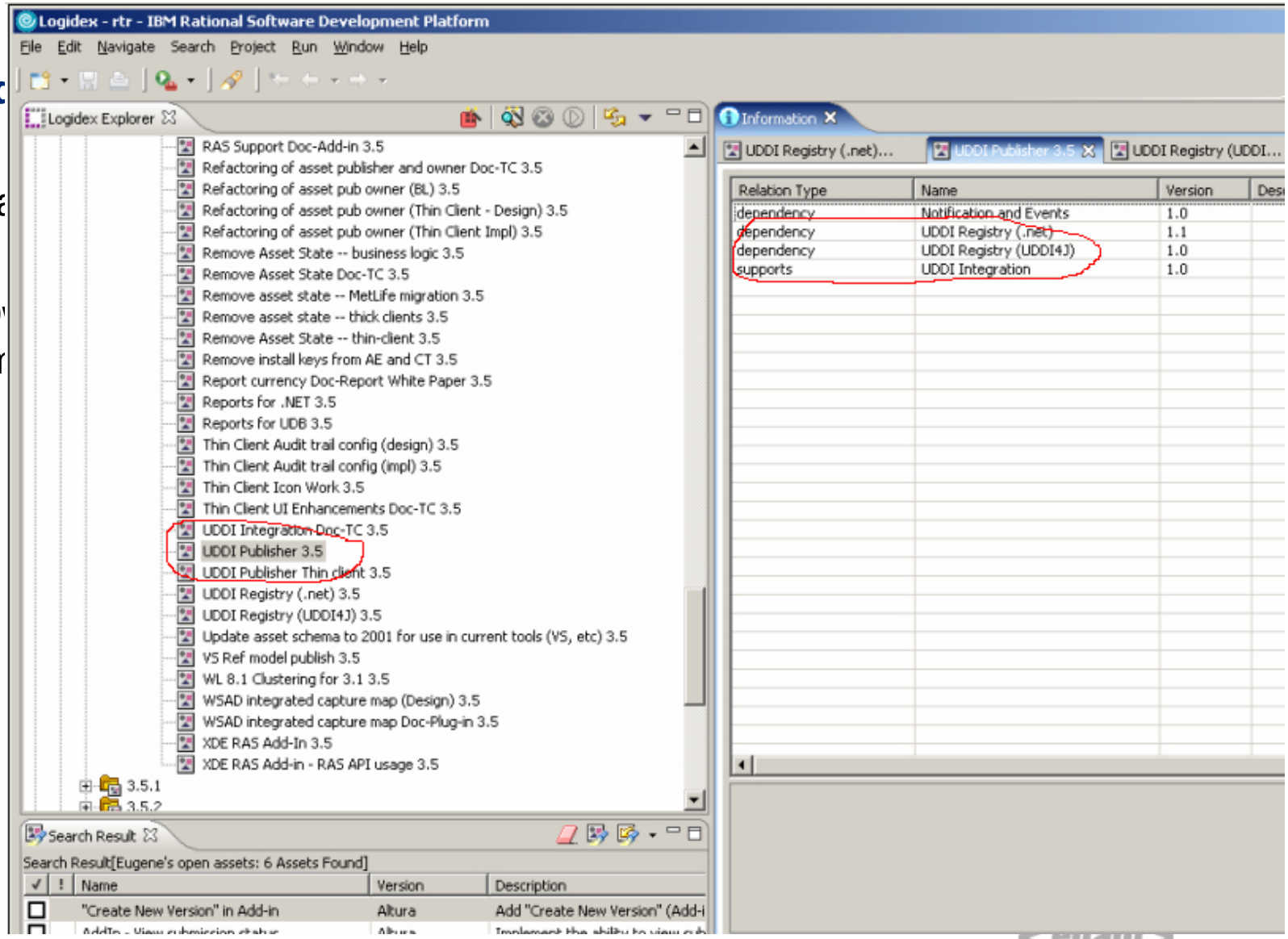

Supporting .NET and J2EE in Parallel

Product building:

- Perforce is used as SCM tool
- Folders structure is designed in the way to make code management transparent for J2EE and .NET developers
- Automated build procedure allows the team to generate J2EE and .NET build packages taking common and platform specific sources

Product testing:

- UnitTests are reused for J2EE and .NET platform (JUnit, HttpUnit)
- Automated Functional and Performance testing scripts are re-used

Supporting .NET and J2EE in Parallel

Supported platforms:

J2EE

- **Application Servers**
  - BEA WebLogic
  - IBM WebSphere
- **Operating Systems**
  - IBM AIX
  - Sun Solaris
  - Linux
- **RDB**
  - Oracle
  - IBM UDB

.NET

- **Application Servers**
  - IIS
  - .NET f/w 1.0, 1.1, 2.0
- **Operating Systems**
  - MS Windows 2000
  - MS Windows 2003
- **RDB**
  - MS SQL Server 2000
  - Oracle

IDE

- Eclipse
- IBM WSAD
- IBM RAD
- Borland JBuilder
- MS Visual Studio .NET
- SAP NetWeaver DS

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Results

.NET and J2EE versions of Logidex share over 80% of the common code base

- Validated the core Logidex architecture
- Allows a small development team to build product versions for both platforms in parallel

You can try Logidex at http://lab.msdn.microsoft.com/logidex

- Preloaded PAG patterns and Application Blocks
- Graphical search integrated into Visual Studio

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For more information, please contact:
Aliaksei Kazlouski
Senior Software Engineering Manager
EPAM Systems, Inc.
29, Khoruzhey str.
Minsk, Belarus
Phone: +375-17-210-1662
Fax: +375-17-210-1168
http://www.epam.com